
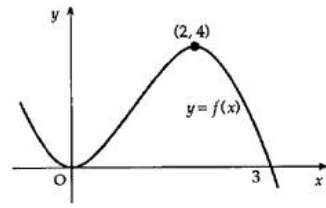





-  1. The diagram shows the sketch of a cubic function  $f$  with stationary points at  $(0,0)$  and  $(2,4)$ . Sketch the graph of the derived function  $f'$ .

**3**

 2. Find  $\int \frac{x^2 - 5}{x\sqrt{x}} dx$

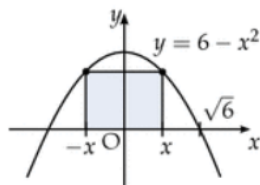
 **3.** If  $f(x) = \cos^2 x - \frac{2}{3x^2}$ , find  $f'(x)$ .

 4. The graph of  $y = f(x)$  passes through the point  $\left(\frac{\pi}{9}, 1\right)$ .

If  $f'(x) = \sin 3x$ , express  $y$  in terms of  $x$ .

4

5. A rectangle is formed under the graph of  $y = 6 - x^2$ , as shown in the diagram.



- (a) Show that the area of the rectangle can be given by:

$$A(x) = 12x - 2x^3 \text{ for } 0 < x < \sqrt{6} \quad 2$$

- (b) Hence find the value of  $x$  which maximises the area of the rectangle, and the corresponding area. 5

**6.**

The origin  $O$  and the points  $P$  and  $Q$  are the vertices of a curved “triangle” which is shaded in the diagram.

The sides lie on the curves with equations:

$$y = x(x+3), \quad y = x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 \quad \text{and} \quad y = \frac{4}{x^2}.$$

(a)  $P$  and  $Q$  have coordinates  $(p, 4)$  and  $(q, 1)$ .

Find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ .

**2**

(b) Calculate the shaded area.

**7**

